

U.S. Lodging Market Outlook

Prepared for:

Meet the Money 2012

May 2012

Some Headwinds... More Tailwinds

Bruce Baltin bruce.baltin@pkfc.com





Our Current Forecasts A Look at Productivity Profit Outlook



Our Current Forecasts

Fewer Jobs Today...and the Return to Past Peaks will be Slow.

This is True in 20% of Our 50 Hotel Horizons® Markets

	Employment Levels	
	>2000	>Peak
2011	28	3
2012	34	6
2013	41	12

Source: Moody's Analytics

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A Fundamentally Good Sign:



Lodging Demand Has Recovered in Over Half of Our 50 Hotel Horizons® Markets

Market	Number of Markets at or Above Past Peak Demand as of Q4 2011*
All Hotels	30
Upper-Priced	47
Lower-Priced	10 * Four Quarter Moving Average

Source: Smith Travel Research

There is a Disconnect:



Employment is Weak Lodging Demand is Strong

Why?

The Answer: Part 1



Consumers, Businesses have the \$'s to Travel

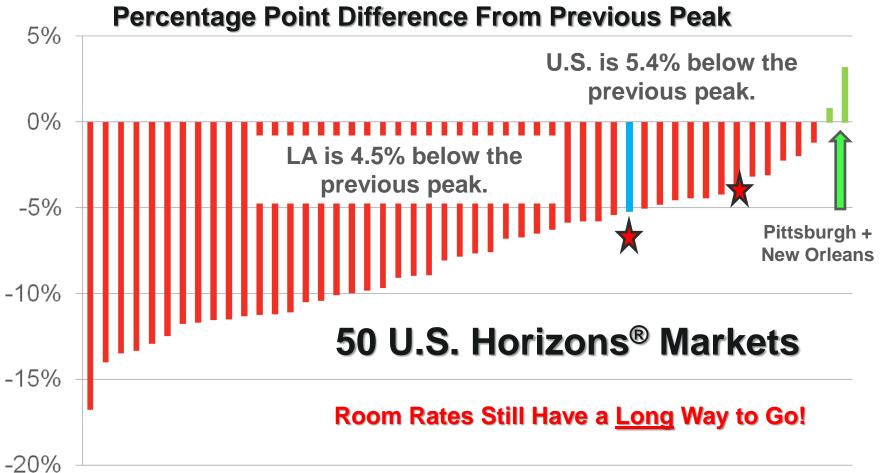
Total Real Personal Income Levels		
	>2000	>Peak
2011	49	13
2012	49	37
2013	49	43

Source: Moody's Analytics

The Answer: Part 2



2011 ADR



Source: PKF Hospitality Research, March – May 2012 Hotel Horizons®

Meet the Money 2011 Accuracy Assessment



United States				
	<u>20</u>	<u>)11</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>12</u>
	мтм <u>2011</u>	2011 <u>Actual</u>	мтм <u>2011</u>	Current <u>Forecast</u>
Occupancy	60.3%		63.2%	
ADR	2.6%		5.8%	
RevPAR	6.8%		7.6%	
Full	Demand	Recovery	Less Op	otimistic
			Wr	ıy?

Source: PKF Hospitality Research, LLC – March-May 2012 Hotel Horizons[®], Smith Travel Research



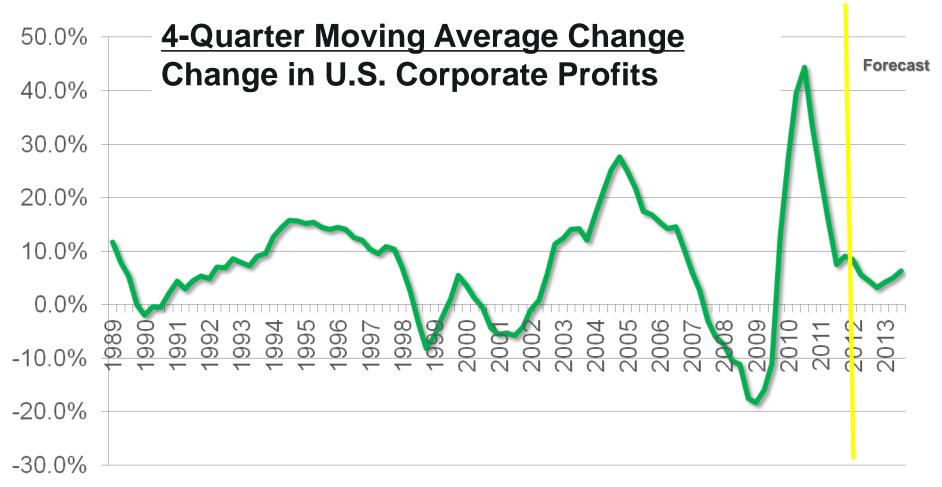


Main drivers of the demand recovery <u>2010 - 2011</u>:

- Corporate profit growth
- Real personal income growth
- Low room rates

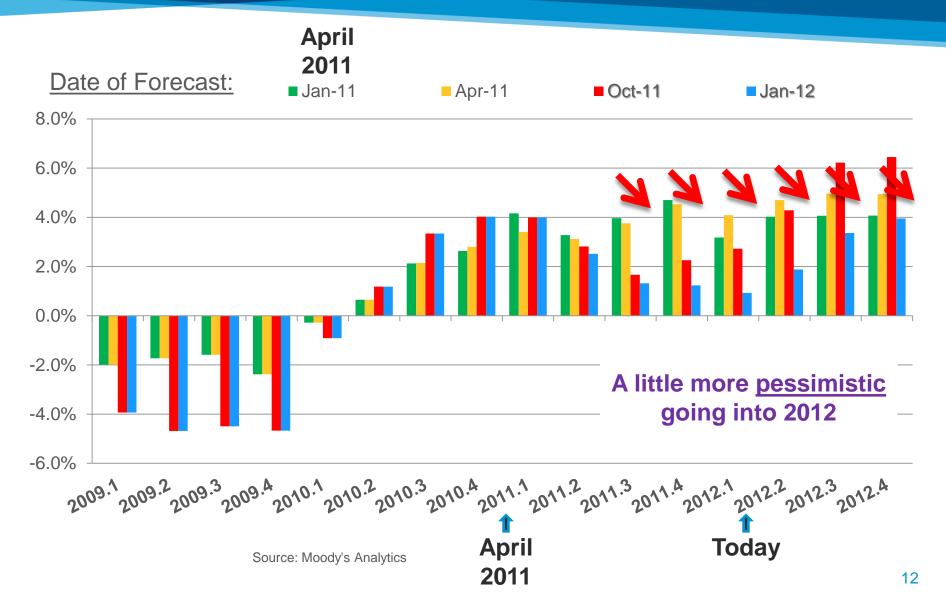
Rate of Corporate Profit Growth Not as Robust in 2012





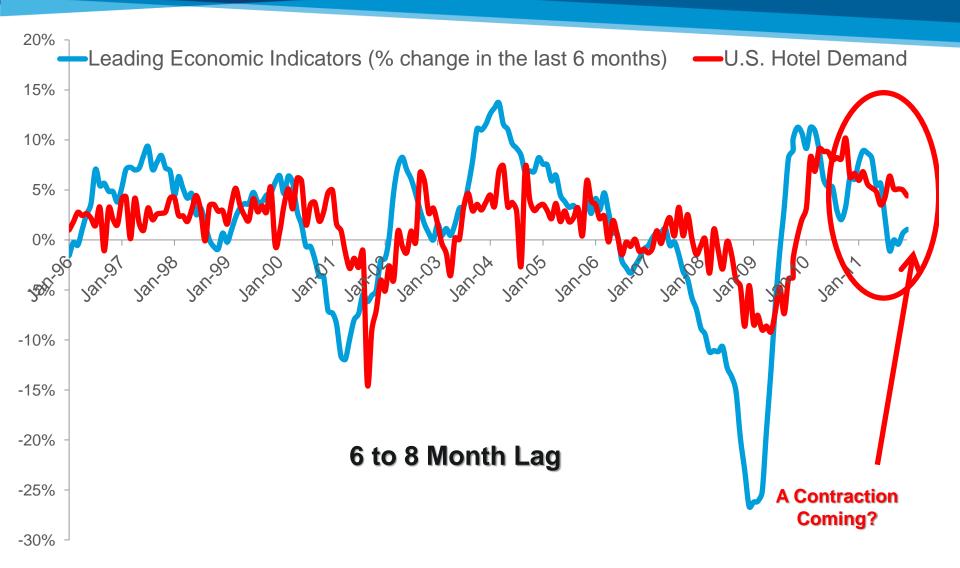
Source: Moody's Analytics

Change in Total Real Personal Income



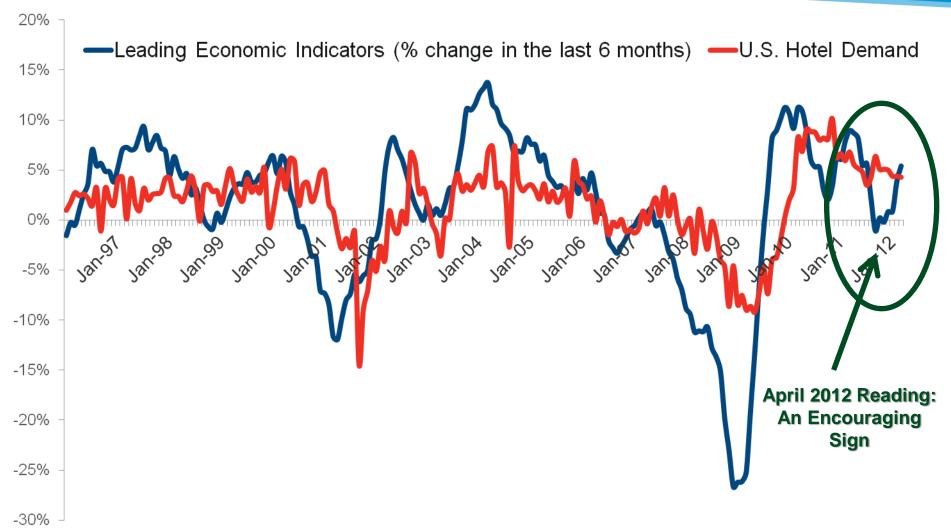
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Leading Economic Indicators % change in last 6 months –February 2012



Source: The Conference Board, PKF-HR, STR

Leading Economic Indicators % change in last 6 months—April 2012



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Many Important Unknowns for 2013:



Some Headwinds

	2013 Current Law	2013 MA Assumption
Fiscal Policy	\$ bil	\$ bil
Emergency Unemployment Insurance	-35	-35
Payroll Tax Holiday	-110	-110
Bonus Depreciation	-64	-32
Affordable Care Act (Obamacare)	-46	-46
Bush Era Tax Cut (Top Bracket)	-83	-83
Bush Era Tax Cut (Other Brackets)	-198	0
Automatic Spending Cuts (Sequestration)	-90	-45
Total	-626	-351

But Fundamentals are Improving



HOTEL HORIZONS [®]	_	of Top U.S. I ncreasi Average Daily	Markets with	
		<u>Rates</u>	<u>Occupancy</u>	
Outliers	2008	47	4	Outliers
	2009	0	0	
	2010	9	49	
	2011	48	49	
	2012F	50	44	
	2013F	50	48	
	2014F	50	49	
	2015F	50	48	
Dat	los and O	counancies	are Going Un	1

Rates and Occupancies are Going Up !

Source: STR, PKF Hospitality Research, March – May 2012 Hotel Horizons®

Expected Case Scenario



- Unemployment is expected to remain above 8% through 2012 even with the addition of 2 million jobs.
- Extend payroll tax holiday and emergency unemployment insurance through the rest of 2012 (done).
- Housing prices continue to fall through Q2 2012 as foreclosures and short sales increase.
- Mild European Recession.
- Business Investment increases 8.9%.

2012 Expected Case Economic Forecast			
Income	Employment	CPI	GDP
2.5%	1.1%	2.1%	2.6%

Source: Moody's Analytics

Expected Case Scenario



Measure	2011	2012
Supply	0.6%	0.6%
Demand	5.0%	2.2%
Occupancy	60.1%	61.0%
Average Daily Rate	3.7%	4.1%
RevPAR	8.2%	5.8%

2012 RevPAR Forecast By Chain-Scale



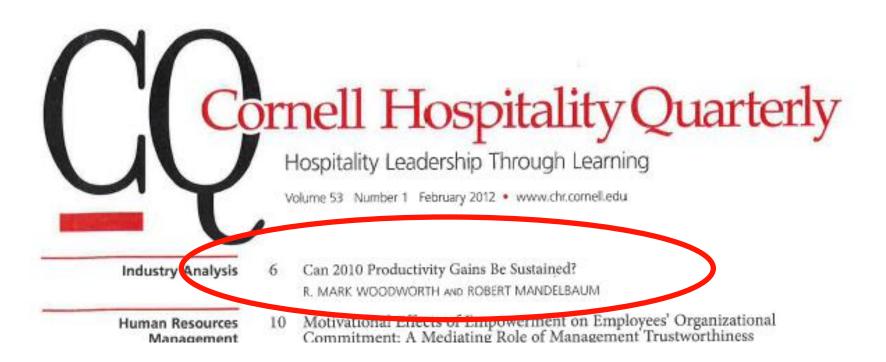
Chain-Scale	2012 RevPAR Change
LUXUIY (Ritz-Carlton, Four Seasons, InterContinental,)	6.0%
Upper-Upscale (Marriott, Hilton, Hyatt,)	6.5%
Upscale (Courtyard, Crowne Plaza, Hyatt Place,)	7.4%
Upper-Midscale (Hampton, Holiday Inn, Comfort)	4.8%
Midscale (Best Western, LaQuinta, Quality)	3.2%
Economy (Days Inn, Red Roof, Motel 6)	4.6%

Source: PKF Hospitality Research, March-May 2012 Hotel Horizons® report.



A Look at Productivity

A Look at Productivity



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Drivers of Labor Costs



- 1. Business Volume rooms sold; covers served.
- 2. Compensation Levels wages; benefits.
- 3. Productivity Output achieved per hour worked.



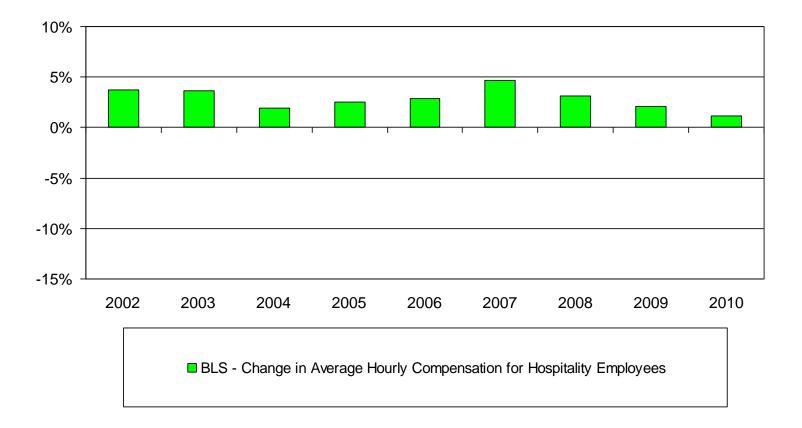


- 1. Year-Over-Year Change in Labor COStS (PKF-Hospitality Research)
- 2. Year-Over-Year Change in Average Hourly Compensation Levels (BLS)
- 3. Year-Over-Year Change in Total Hours Worked (1 - 2)

Estimating the Number of Hours Worked **PKF**

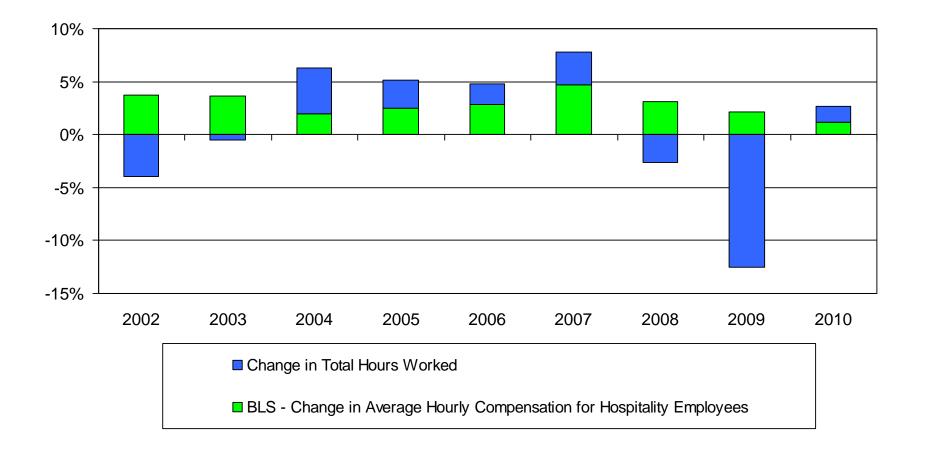
- According to the BLS, the average weekly hours worked per employee has remained generally stable.
- Therefor:
 - **△ total labor costs -**
 - ∆ average hourly \$ levels =
 - **△ Total hours worked**

Change in Average Hourly Compensation



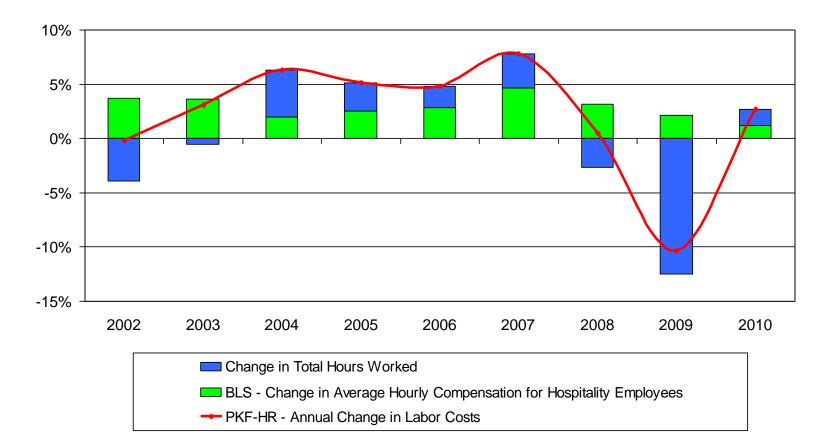
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Compensation and Hours Worked



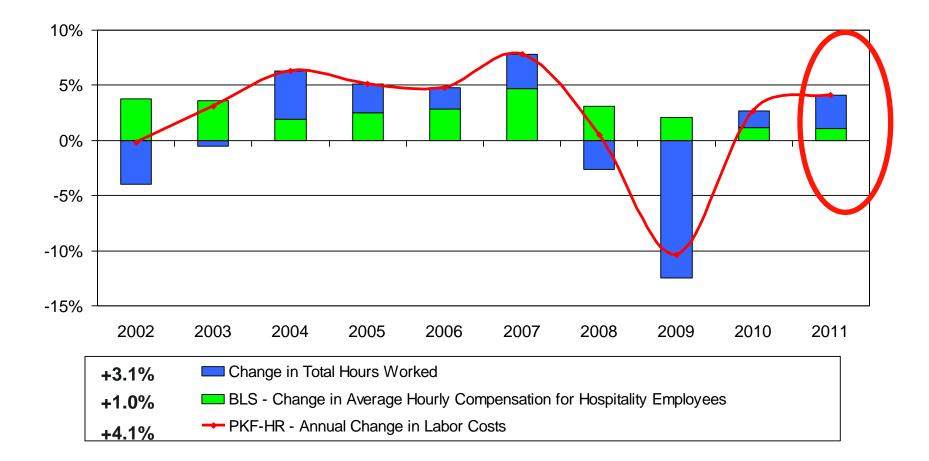
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Annual Change in Labor Costs



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What Happened in 2011?

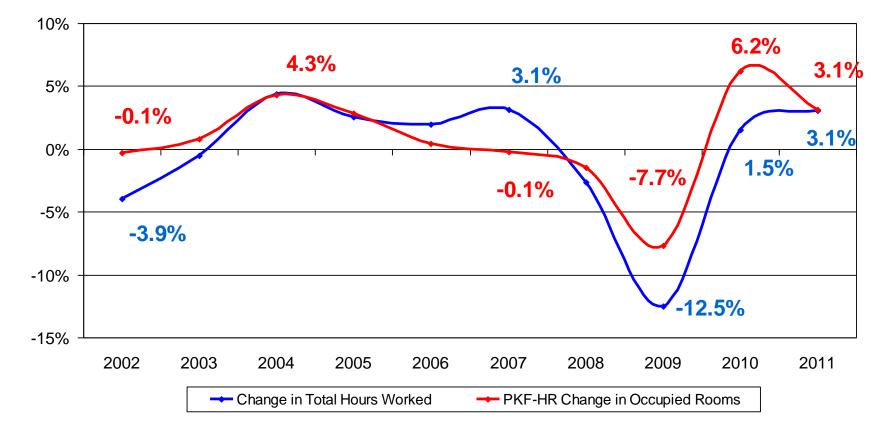


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Change in Total Hours Worked v. Change in Occupied Rooms



Productivity Was Flat in 2011

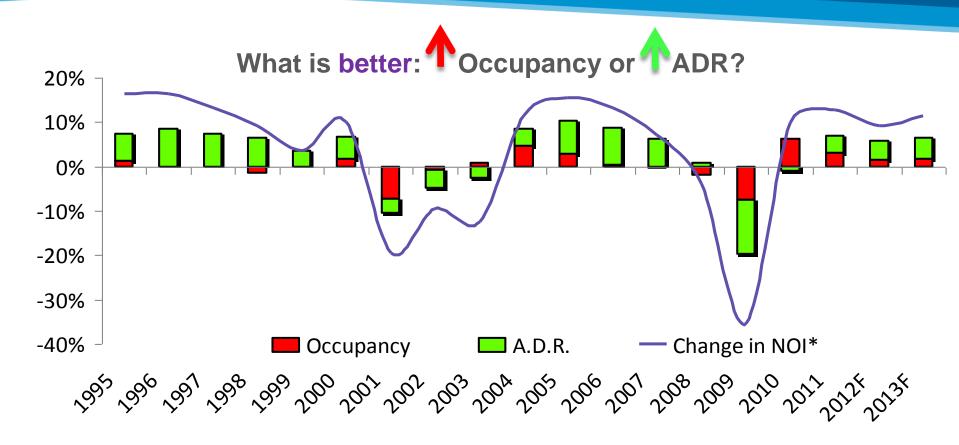




Profit Outlook

RevPAR Components and NOI* Change



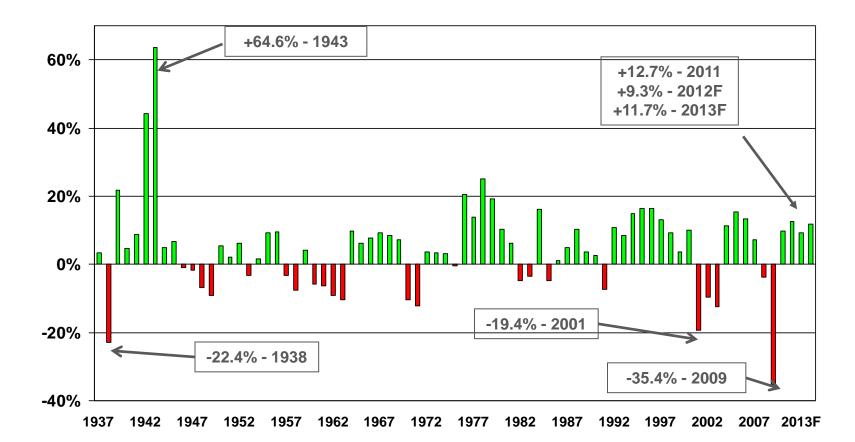


Source: PKF Hospitality Research's Annual Trends® Database

Note: * Before capital reserve, debt service, rent, income taxes, depreciation, amortization.

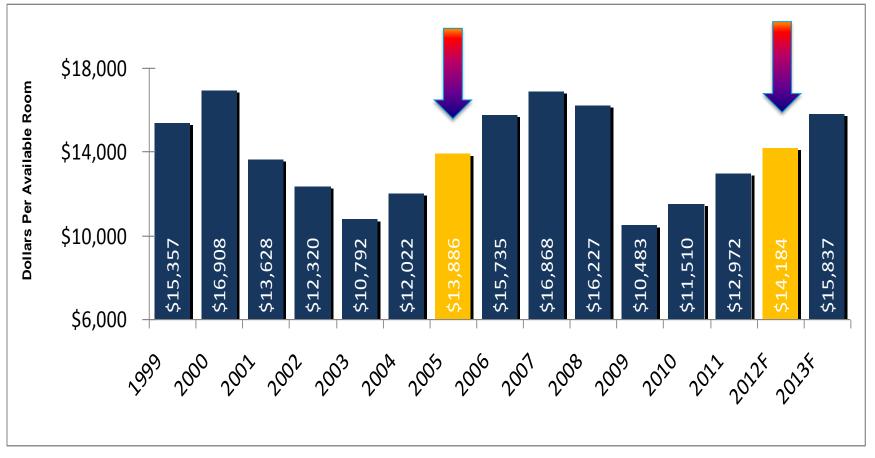
Annual Change – All U.S. Hotels Unit-Level NOI*





Note: * Before deductions for capital reserve, rent, interest, income taxes, depreciation, and amortization. Source: PKF Hospitality Research, *Trends® in the Hotel Industry* sample.

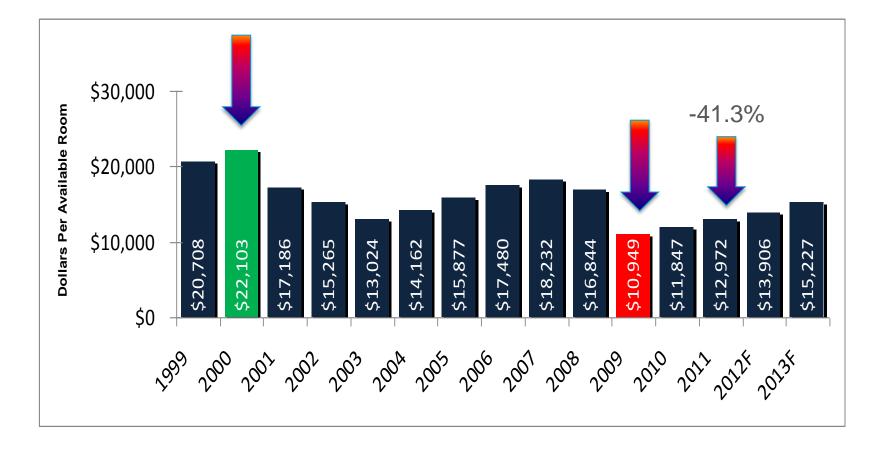
Nominal Dollar Operating Profits* Surpass 2005 Dollars in 2012



Source: PKF Hospitality Research's Annual Trends Database

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Peak to Trough Decline in Operating Profits* 50% Decline in Real Terms



Source: PKF Hospitality Research's Annual Trends Database

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Some Things to Think About





1. Personal incomes and corporate profit growth will continue, but at less robust levels. Lodging demand growth in 2012, while still positive, will pale relative to the past two years.

- Higher rooms rates will help to slow demand growth as well.

2. Unemployment will remain high – helps to keep labor costs in check and profit growth up.

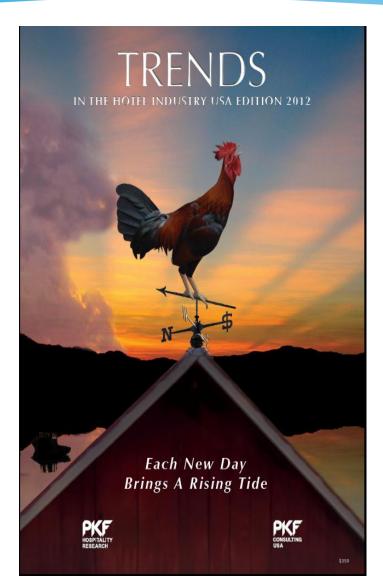




- 3. Oil is a wild card for 2012 too big an increase will undermine the economy – lodging demand will suffer as a result.
- 4. Overall, the 2nd and 3rd quarters of 2012 will be the weakest given the economic slow down currently underway.

A Final Thought





"Each New Day Brings a Rising Tide"



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